Carbon Reduction Plan

**Supplier name:** The B2W Group

# Publication date: February 2024, annually updated June.

## Commitment to achieving Net Zero

**B2W** is committed to achieving Net Zero emissions by 2050.

## Why should B2W measure our carbon footprint?

Human activity has already increased the global temperature by 1°C compared to pre-industrial levels, and the last 22 years have held 20 of the hottest years ever recorded; climate change isn’t going to happen, it is happening. To mitigate against further destruction, world nations signed the Paris Agreement 2015 to limit global warming to 1.5°C, or well below 2 °C. This is important because the hotter the earth gets, the more frequently we will experience the effects of climate change, and the more severe they will be. For UK businesses this means higher risk of flooding, disrupted supply chains, more heatwaves (putting servers and data at risk), reduced crop yields and stunted economic growth. Importantly each risk comes with extreme risk to human health, safety and wellbeing. If the viability of human life is not reason enough, not only are there potential legislative risks as the UK Government seeks to reach its net-zero target, but there are also risks associated with the transition to a low carbon economy through taxes and carbon pricing. With risks come opportunities: we have the opportunity to limit our vulnerability to fluctuations in fossil energy pricing, increase efficiencies, limit risk of supply chain disruption and increase employee wellbeing and engagement. Consumers are increasingly environmentally conscious and as concerns around climate change grow, consumers will more willingly invest in products and services associated with businesses actively measuring, managing and reducing emissions. In every choice we make we can choose to accelerate climate change or be part of the solution. Measuring carbon emissions provides a consistent, accurate and transparent look at the amount of greenhouse gas the business creates and helps to identify which processes are contributing the most to climate change. Effective management of risks and identification of opportunities can optimise value creation. An important step to unlocking this value is understanding how your activities generate greenhouse gas emissions and then identifying how you can minimise them. On the basis that ‘what gets measured gets managed’, the first step to reducing your carbon footprint is to measure it.

## Facts about climate change

1. Climate change could be irreversible by 2030 - the world’s carbon emissions have continued to increase year on year despite scientists warning that global carbon pollution must be cut in half over the next decade to avoid catastrophic irreversible damage to our planet.
2. We use more of the earth’s resources than it can renew - The UK’s Overshoot Day 2021 was the 19th of May, this is the date when our demand for natural resources and services in a given year exceeds what the earth can generate in that year. By now we are using resources the earth won’t be able to restore.
3. By 2050, 30-50% of the total species found on earth will be extinct - The expected rate of species extinction is around 5 species a year, we’re currently losing up to 1,000 times the normal rate. Ecosystem degradation is already affecting the wellbeing of at least 3.2 billion people – 40% of the world’s population.
4. The wealthiest 51% of the world’s population account for 86% of global CO2 emissions – Yet the world’s poorest disproportionately suffer the effects of climate change, it is not just a climate crisis, but a humanitarian crisis too.
5. Climate change is creating a refugee crisis - As global temperatures increase, millions of people are fleeing their homes to avoid the impacts of droughts and extreme storms. And these numbers are set to rise, estimating that up to 200 million people could be displaced by climate change by 2050. The more greenhouse gas we pump into the atmosphere, the hotter the earth gets

## To fully capture a carbon footprint, the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol has split emissions up into 3 scopes:

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Definition** | **Source** |
| **Scope 1** | Direct GHG emissions from sources owned by the organisation | Onsite combustion of fuel (natural gas) or from company ownedvehicles |
| **Scope 2** | Indirect emissions, consumed by the company, but not directly created | Purchased electricity and gas |
| **Scope 3** | Indirect emissions outside of a company boundary, but still related to company activities | Sources include the supply chain, emissions produced by employee commuting and end of-lifetreatment of a product |

**Baseline Emissions Footprint**

Baseline emissions are a record of the greenhouse gases that have been produced in the past and were produced prior to the introduction of any strategies to reduce emissions. Baseline emissions are the reference point against which emissions reduction can be measured.

When identifying B2Ws Emission footprint the following was considered:

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| **Baseline Year: 2021** |
| **Additional Details relating to the Baseline Emissions calculations.** |
| All offices are in leased buildings with therefore limited scope to influence the resource efficiency of the premises, although resource use is not considered to be significant. Pre-Covid, trainers and skills coaches were travelling to deliver training and meet with apprentices, but the pandemic has resulted in B2W utilising virtual learning programmes, and significantly reducing business travel, and in turn air and carbon emissions. It is anticipated that in the future there will be a hybrid approach to delivering courses, meaning emissions will remain below pre-Covid levels. Although minimising the company’s environmental footprint is something that management are mindful of, and aligns with the company’s values, it is something that is currently under-developed in terms of formal management, monitoring and reporting.There are limited direct emissions and waste generations from operations. The main waste streams generated are general office waste, electronics and used / out of date training materials. The move to virtual learning rooms has led to a reduction in physical training materials. A review of options to further digitalise materials would present an opportunity to minimise resource use and therefore waste, as well as to reduce costs. |
| **Baseline year emissions:** |
| **EMISSIONS** | **TOTAL (tCO2e)**Back2Work’s 2020 total carbon footprint is: 23.23 tCO2eor: 0.16 tCO2e/employee. |
| **Scope 1** | **0% / 0** |
| **Scope 2** | **95%/** 22.1 tCO2e emissions |
| **Scope 3****(Included Sources)** | **5%/** 1.13 tCO2e emissions |
| **Total Emissions** | **23.23** tCO2e emissions |

# Current Emissions Reporting

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| **Reporting Year: 2023** |
| **EMISSIONS** | **TOTAL (tCO2e)**Back2Work’s 2020 total carbon footprint is: 23.23 tCO2eor: 0.16 tCO2e/employee. |
| **Scope 1** | **0% / 0** |
| **Scope 2** | **95%/** 22.1 tCO2e emissions |
| **Scope 3****(Included Sources)** | **5%/** 1.13 tCO2e emissions |
| **Total Emissions** | **23.23** tCO2e emissions |

\*The current emission reporting is a carry over from 2022, B2W report annually in June on targets

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# Emissions reduction targets

In order to continue our progress to achieving Net Zero, we have adopted the following carbon reduction targets.

* Reduce absolute carbon emissions by 2.5% by Jun 2024
* Reduce business travel carbon emissions by 10% per capita by Jun 2024.
* Reduce energy use per square metre by 10% by Jun 2024
* Purchase 50% of purchased electricity (11.05 tCO2e) will come from verified renewable sources, eliminating scope 2 emissions by Jun 2025.

We project that carbon emissions will decrease over the next 3 years to **18.23** tCO2e by 20**26**. This is a reduction of **5**%

Progress against these targets can be seen in the graph below:



# Carbon Reduction Projects

B2W have taken part in carbon literacy training (2020 and 20222) prior to our baseline measurement and as a result of the training introduced measures surrounding electricity usage and the changing to low energy lighting. B2W have also signed up to SBTI measures to accurately set targets.

The following environmental management measures and projects have been completed or implemented since the 2021 baseline. The carbon emission reduction achieved by these schemes equate to **23.23** tCO2e, an estimated **2%** reduction against the 2021 baseline and the measures will be in effect when performing the contract.

**In the future we hope to implement further measures such as:**

* Changes in employee contracts to represent more flexibility and promotion of hybrid working to support reduction in the level of scope 3 emissions.
* Reinstating the car share scheme to reduce the number of cars visiting offices.
* Introduce a cycle to work scheme.
* Moving to a paperless organisation with workers by limiting the use of printers/ photocopiers.
* Encouragement of staff to use public transport when visiting offices.
* Educate our staff and learners with meaningful CPD in sustainability and the reduction of individuals carbon footprint.

# Declaration and Sign Off

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been completed in accordance with PPN 06/21 and associated guidance and reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans.

Emissions have been reported and recorded in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the GHG Reporting Protocol corporate standard13 and uses the appropriate Government emission conversion factors for greenhouse gas company reporting14.

Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions have been reported in accordance with SECR requirements, and the required subset of Scope 3 emissions have been reported in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard 15.

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been reviewed and signed off by the board of directors (or equivalent management body).

## Signed on behalf of the Supplier:



**Director of Quality & People**

Date:0-1/02/2022

1. https://ghgprotocol.org/corporate-standard
2. <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-conversion-factors-for-company-reporting>
3. https://ghgprotocol.org/standards/scope-3-standard